A- Framework:	
Describe the educational level and the context	Interdisciplinary course with a theme project at 1th semester bachelor program for civil engineers with 80 students. The theme is land development in urban areas. The students work on the project in randomized groups of 6-7.
What is the setup for the peer-feedback process? (timeline, artifacts, location, technical support systems, anonymous/non-anonymous, group/individual, oral/written, mandatory/voluntary)	The peer-feedback activity is divided into 5 steps the first 3 weeks of the semester where the students haven't tried peer-feedback before. The first step is a teacher-controlled part in the class to develop the criteria for peer-feedback. The next 2 steps of the peer-feedback activity are a written student to student feedback within the group (2&2) on a teacher predefined form called quality assurance document. The next step is a teacher-controlled poster session in the classroom where the drawings is presented on the walls. All groups are opponent groups for all the other groups. One member of the group stands next to the drawing, the rest circulates the classroom looking at the others groups drawings, writing comments and talking to the group member. This way each group gets both written and oral peer-feedback. In the last step the students embed the feedback in their groupwork room. The peer-feedback activities are all voluntary. But if a group isn't presenting a drawing, they are not allowed in the classroom during posters session.
Description of products on which students will provide peer-feedback	The students design and print a technical drawing to the posters session. The improved drawing will be a part of the finally written group report.
How many times will students provide peer-feedback on the same or successive products?	The peer-feedback activity runs twice on 1th semester and several

	times later in the same student's
	program.
B- Purpose:	Pr 66 states
Which educational problem or problems does the peer-	It provides specific formative
feedback practice address?	feedback on every group's drawings,
Toolse practice and cool	which is not possible for the teacher
	due to the large class size. It prepares
	students for the workflow in their
	future profession.
What are the intended learning objectives?	The learning goals are:
	Learning to reflect on and apply their knowledge.
	Learning to give and use formative feedback.
	To be inspired by other students
	work.
	To learn the students to see the
	direct benefit of attending to
	feedback advices.
To which product or practice does the feedback point?	To make the students drawings even better both now and at future
	drawings within the same topic.
C- Criteria:	drawings within the same topic.
What are the criteria of which students are to use when	A good example of a drawing and a
giving feedback?	check list written on class with input
giving recuback:	from the students.
By which process are criteria developed?	The student looks at both good and
2y minin process are criteria acycropour	bad examples in corporation with the
	teacher and each other and derives
	what a good drawing should contain.
How are students involved in interpreting the criteria?	Se previous.
How are the criteria presented to students?	They have access to the check list on the intranet.
D- Support and embedding:	
Which initiatives are taken to support the students in	Creating an environment where the
giving usefull peer feedback?	student is confident in presenting
	their own work. Discussing on class
	what formative feedback is.
Which initiatives are taken to support the students in	The part with student to student
using/reflecting the received feedback from the	feedback within the group is written
viewpoint of the desirable learning goals?	in the quality assurance document
	containing a column for the given
	feedback on the left side and a column for reflections from the
	receiver of feedback on the right
	side.
	After the posters session the teacher
	provide an oral follow-up and then
	the groups decoding and discuss
	their given comments. In the future

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	they need to point out at least 3
	topics they agreed to improve due to
	the learning goals.
How is feedback embedded in the intended learning	The peer-feedback practice is
objectives?	continuous and a part of every
	courses throughout the Civil
	engineering program. Since the
	students learn to give and
	receive/implement useful feedback it
	leads to better assignments which
	eases the teacher's evaluation. It is
	in progress to be incorporated into
	course- and project description.